

### **MEETING OF THE ADULT SOCIAL CARE SCRUTINY COMMISSION**

DATE: TUESDAY, 18 JULY 2023

TIME: 5:30 pm

PLACE: Meeting Room G.01, Ground Floor, City Hall, 115 Charles Street, Leicester, LE1 1FZ

### Members of the Committee

Councillor March (Chair) Councillor Surti (Vice-Chair)

Councillors Cole, Dave, Joannou, Kaur Saini, Orton, Singh Sangha

Representative of Healthwatch Leicester

Members of the Committee are invited to attend the above meeting to consider the items of business listed overleaf.

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For Monitoring Officer

<u>Officer contacts</u>: Georgia Humby (Scrutiny Policy Officer) Jessica Skidmore (Democratic Support Officer), Tel: 0116 454 6350, e-mail: committees @leicester.gov.uk Leicester City Council, Granby Wing, 3 Floor, CityHall, 115 Charles Street, Leicester, LE1 1FZ

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- ✓ to ensure that the sound on any device is fully muted and intrusive lighting avoided;
- ✓ where filming, to only focus on those people actively participating in the meeting;
- ✓ where filming, to (via the Chair of the meeting) ensure that those present are aware that they may be filmed and respect any requests to not be filmed.

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If you have any queries about any of the above or the business to be discussed, please contact: **Aqil Sarang, Democratic Support Officer on 0116 454 6350**. Alternatively, email committees@leicester.gov.uk, or call in at City Hall.

For Press Enquiries - please phone the Communications Unit on 0116 454 4151.

### PUBLIC SESSION

### **AGENDA**

### FIRE / EMERGENCY EVACUATION

If the emergency alarm sounds, you must evacuate the building immediately by the nearest available fire exit and proceed to the area outside the Ramada Encore Hotel on Charles Street as directed by Democratic Services staff. Further instructions will then be given.

### 1. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

#### 2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Members will be asked to declare any interests they may have in the business to be discussed.

#### 3. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING

### Appendix A

(Pages 1 - 6)

The minutes of the meeting of the Adult Social Care Scrutiny Commission held on 15 March 2023 have been circulated and the Commission is asked to confirm them as a correct record.

#### 4. MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMISSION 2023-24

Members of the Commission will be asked to note the Membership of the Adult Social Care Scrutiny Commission for 2023/24:

Councillor March (Chair) Councillor Surti (Vice-Chair) Councillor Cole Councillor Dave Councillor Joannou Councillor Kaur Saini Councillor Orton Councillor Singh Sangha

### 5. DATES OF MEETINGS FOR THE COMMISSION 2023-24

Members of the Commission are asked to note the Commission Meeting dates as follows:

- 18 July 2023
- 24 August 2023
- 5 October 2023
- 30 November 2023
- 25 January 2024
- 7 March 2024

### 6. CHAIRS ANNOUNCEMENTS

#### 7. PETITIONS

The Monitoring Officer to report on any petitions received.

### 8. QUESTIONS, REPRESENTATIONS AND STATEMENTS OF CASE

The Monitoring Officer to report on any questions, representations or statements of case.

### 9. ADULT SOCIAL CARE SCRUTINY OVERVIEW

#### Appendix B (Pages 7 - 24)

The Strategic Director for Social Care and Education submits a presentation to provide an overview of the service and key challenges.

#### 10. CALL-IN - HASTINGS ROAD DAY CENTRE

#### Appendix C (Pages 25 - 78)

The Monitoring Officer submits a report informing the Commission that the Executive Decision taken by the Deputy City Mayor - Social Care, Health and Community Safety on 3 July 2023, relating to ending the service at Hastings Road Day Centre and instruct Adult Social Care to start working with families to undertake reviews, identify suitable alternative arrangements, and support the safe transition of people into those arrangements, has been the subject of a five-member call-in under the procedures at Rule 12 of Part 4D (City Mayor and Executive Procedure Rules) of the Council's Constitution.

The Commission is recommended to either:

*a)* Note the report without further comment or recommendation. (*If the report is noted the process continues and the call in will be considered at Council on 28 September 2023);* or

b) Comment on the specific issues raised by the call-in. (If comments are made the process continues and the comments and call in will be considered at Council on 28 September 2023); or

c) Resolve that the call-in be withdrawn (If the committee wish for there to be no further action on the call-in, then they must actively withdraw it. If withdrawal is agreed the call-in process stops, the call-in will not be considered at Council on 28 September 2023 and the original decision takes immediate affect without amendment).

### 11. WORK PROGRAMME

Members of the Commission will be asked to consider items for the future work programme.

### 12. ANY OTHER URGENT BUSINESS

### Appendix A



Minutes of the Meeting of the ADULT SOCIAL CARE SCRUTINY COMMISSION

Held: WEDNESDAY, 15 MARCH 2023 at 5:30 pm

### <u>PRESENT:</u>

Councillor Joshi (Chair)

Councillor Batool

**Councillor Singh Johal** 

<u>Also in Attendance</u> Deputy City Mayor – Councillor Russell

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### 32. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Councillor Kaur Saini, Councillor March and Councillor Patel.

The Chair took the opportunity to thank the Members of the Commission and Officers who supported the Commission for their attendance and noted that it was a privilege to Chair the Commission over the last few years.

### 33. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

The Chair declared that his wife worked in the Reablement Team at Leicester City Council.

### 34. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING

The Chair requested that recommendations raised at the meeting of the Adult Social Care Scrutiny Commission held on 19 January 2023 be added to the work programme for the new municipal year.

AGREED:

That the minutes of the meeting of the Adult Social Care Scrutiny Commission held on 19 January 2023 be confirmed as a correct record.

### 35. PETITIONS

The Monitoring Officer noted that none had been received.

### 36. QUESTIONS, REPRESENTATIONS AND STATEMENTS OF CASE

The Monitoring Officer noted that none had been received.

### 37. ADULT SOCIAL CARE PERFORMANCE MONITORING

The Deputy City Mayor for Social Care and Anti Poverty introduced the item on Adult Social Care Performance Monitoring and took the opportunity to thank the Director for Adult Social Care for managing and interpreting complex information that enabled the rest to understand.

The Director for Adult Social Care introduced the report and drew Members attention to the key highlights of the report and further noted that as a service it was important to acknowledge and understand the strengths and weaknesses of the service and that knowing both the positives and negatives of the service was a fundamental part of getting through the inspection process.

It was also noted that support for people with advice and information was available for them that helped them find solutions for themselves and focussed on a strength based approached ensuring that people could access preventative services and short term offers and these had proven to have positive outcomes for people as highlighted in the report.

Additionally, it was noted that the level of complaints remained low and the commendations remain steady even during these challenging times.

As part of the discussions, it was noted that:

- Many reports do come in but when concerns are investigated, they don't require a formal safeguarding enquiry follow up and is usually related to the quality of care rather than harm or abuse
- Alert enquiry patterns had changed and in comparison, to others in the East Midlands Leicester compared better
- All data was captured on the Liquid Logic system and a further breakdown of the data was available through the system which allowed the data to be linked to primary need types, age, gender and ethnicity which gave the service an understanding the equity of access for the future planning
- An East Midlands group was set up with the principal social worker and as part of that, conversations were underway to understand what the service were recording, what was being done with the data and whether there were any differences in practice that might account for the differences in numbers.
- Locally designed metrics as part of conversations during the review process were important, although they could be compared with other council's it provided information on whether the service provided was making a difference.

In further discussions the Chair shared his pleasure to see that the number in

complaints had fallen and the commendations had improved gradually and further enquired on how the data was collected. In response to the Chair's query the Director for Adult Social Care noted that, there was a statutory complaints process through which all complaints were channelled and logged formally although, some concerns were resolved informally if appropriate, following which an annual complaints report was produced.

AGREED:

- 1) That the Strategic Director for Social Care and Education be requested to provide a future update on the work carried out by ADASS and the work being undertaken in comparing CQC ratings with other authorities.
- 2) And that, the Adult Social Care team be thanked for their commitments and commended for their continued efforts during challenging times.

### 38. LEARNING DISABILITIES STRATEGY - UPDATE

The Deputy City Mayor for Social Care and Anti-Poverty took the opportunity to praise the team who had led on the work. it was also noted that the strategy had proved to have a positive impact on people's lives.

The Strategic Director for Social Care and Anti-Poverty introduced the item and drew Members attention to the groups of people who draw on Adult Social Care services and noted that although 2/3 of the people were older people half of the ASC budget funded support to working age adults who had more complex needs including those with learning disabilities and that this group drew on services at an earlier stage in their lives.

It was further noted that the Learning Disability Strategy was particularly important as it was half of the budget with a smaller number of people and also that due to the length of time people of a working age with learning disabilities draw on services, and this had an effect on their life experience as much it was influenced by the quality of the engagement with the service providers over a long period of time, further highlighting the importance of the strategy.

The Lead Commissioner provided an overview of the report. It was noted that the this was a joint strategy with health colleagues and that the original strategy ended in December 2023.

It was further noted that the intention to extend the existing strategy for 2 years (2024-26) was to ensure continued delivery on the commitments outlined for the strategy as listed below:

- Healthy Lifestyles
- Equal Healthcare
- Social care
- Housing and accommodation
- Access and inclusion to leisure, recreation, and public transport
- Work, college, and money
- Moving into adulthood

• Support for carers

As part of the discussions, the Chair noted that the report was encouraging and requested info on how the data and information was gathered. In response to the Chair it was noted that, there were many groups in the city that were made up of people that had learning difficulties, this helped to identify priorities that were key to people with learning disabilities and helped identify what actions could be taken to improve the service and what works well for service users. The Chair further suggested that this continued effort with support and guidance for those with learning difficulties could lead to positive and successful outcomes.

The Lead commissioner further added that the Learning Disabilities Partnership Board (LDPB) chaired by the We Think Group, met regularly with stakeholders where groups participated and contributed.

As part of the discussions it was noted that the Disability Confidence Scheme was a nationally accredited scheme, which was supported by local employers with hopes that more join in the future, there was support available from the DWP for organisations that signed up to the scheme to prepare systems and processes to support people appropriately and the Lead Commissioner was pleased to note that Leicester City Council was part of the scheme.

Members of the Commission thanked Officers for an easy read document and queried how the Oliver McGowan Training produced alongside Health Education England could be used to train everyone who works in a public facing role. In response it was noted that the training had not yet launched, and the government had announced that everyone that worked in the field would be mandated to take the training which was a 2-part course including an interactive session with someone with learning disabilities and more information would become available in the future.

Members of the Commission further suggested that, the training would be useful to Elected Members and council staff across the authority and should be included as part of the induction programme following the election.

### AGREED:

- 1) That the Commission supported the extension of the Learning Disabilities Strategy for an additional 2 years,
- 2) That the Strategic Director for Social Care and Education and the team be thanked for the easy read document, and
- **3)** That all Elected Members be encouraged to take up the Oliver McGowan training when this is available and for public facing council staff to be encouraged to also take this training.

### **39. QUALITY OF REGULATED CARE IN LEICESTER CITY**

The Deputy City Mayor for Social Care and Anti-Poverty introduced the item and noted that recent reports in the media were not accurate picture and that figures used had been manipulated.

The Strategic Director for Social Care and Education took the opportunity to commend the Deputy Head of Contracts and Assurance for Adult Social Care And their team for their dedication to ensure care homes could operate during and after Covid.

The Strategic Director for Social Care and Education further noted that, it had been long standing policy of the government that provisions should essentially be delivered externally and there were some limited internal provisions, with all provisions regulated by the CQC. The Authority had contracts with almost all care homes in the city and the authority's statutory responsibility was to ensure that the local care market was operating sufficiently and with the right service.

In response to the recent media coverage, it was noted that the media only covered poor ratings and there was ongoing work during these challenging periods, with work force issues and the cost for providers to deliver quality of care and the teams involvement directs this.

The Deputy Head of Contracts and Assurance for Adult Social Care provided an overview of the report and noted that the CQC were carrying out risk based reviews, so were only going to care homes where they think there are issues. it was further noted that the CQC ratings across the East Midlands region was of concern and a meeting with the CQC had been arranged locally.

The Fair Cost of Care work as part of the government review provided a better understanding than previously and suggestions were made by some providers that what we pay for care is less than what it cost to deliver the care the to put this on the Work Programme for the new Commission.

Regarding the article in the Leicester Mercury, the Deputy Head of Contracts and Assurance for Adult Social Care noted that the article said that 60% of providers in Leicester were failing whereas 50% had a rating reduction, 29% of care homes stayed the same and that 17% had an improved rating. So, it was 60% of the 39 care homes that they'd seen, but not 60% of the entire market.

Furthermore, in domiciliary care, the service had contracts with 32 of 141 providers and only 4 of those required improvement and work was underway closely with those providers on a risked based approach.

As part of the discussions and in response to Members questions it was noted that:

- Meeting with the CQC was planned and had not taken place yet and was part of the work with ADASS, it's planned for the near future to have the required discussions
- There had been a huge change in CQC, a whole new management team locally both from the head of inspection all the way through to our inspection managers locally have changed over the last year, a whole new team for Leicester City that started just over 12 months ago.
- In these 12 months the service had four inspection managers,

conversations to understand from the CQC senior management team whether there are any differences and whether they had seen a difference within their own systems and processes.

In response to the Chairs query on 0hr contracts within the sector by providers, the Strategic Director for Social Care and Education noted that, providers set their own business models to suit their employee needs with a range on contracts including 0hr contracts. Additionally, market pressures and the DHSE require the service to produce a market sustainability plan to have an understanding of the market which sets out where is the market, what are the issues, what are the challenges and what is it that we are going to do about that. The Fair Cost of Care exercise was done to come up with a fair cost of care which it did not achieve but inadvertently provided a better understanding of the market than what we had previously and had been very helpful in that way. Strategic Director for Social Care and Education suggested to the Chair to add this item on the Work Programme for the new Commission.

AGREED:

- That the Strategic Director for Social Care and Education and his team be thanked for bringing the item to the Commission to address the issue
- 2) That the frontline workers be thanked for their delivery of quality care and commitment to the service during challenging times, and,
- 3) That the Strategic Director for social Care and Education be requested to bring the item on Market Stability, Fair Cost of Care Plan to the Commission following the report being produced.

#### 40. WORK PROGRAMME

The Chair took the opportunity to thank the Members of the Commission for their attendance and work on the Commission.

The Chair further took the opportunity to thank the Strategic Director for Social Care and Education, his Team and the Executive Member for their ongoing work through difficult times.

The Chair thanked the Democratic Support Officer and the Scrutiny Support Officer for their support to the Commission.

The work programme was noted.

#### 41. ANY OTHER URGENT BUSINESS

There being no items of urgent business, the meeting closed at 18:50



1

# Adult Social Care An Overview

ASC Scrutiny Commission 18 July 2023



## Our vision

"We want every person in Leicester to live in the place they call home with people and things that they love, in communities where they look out for one another, doing the things that matter to them."





**Adapted from Social Care Future** 

## Who we are



Kate Galoppi Director, ASC and Commissioning



Martin Samuels Strategic Director, Social Care and Education

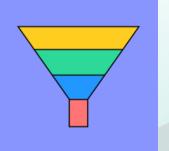


Ruth Lake Director. ASC and Safeguarding

# The basics

### A statutory function

Law, policy and guidance



## A 'graduated' offer

LEGISLATION

Universal wellbeing / advice One / off or short term support Long term support

### **Means tested**

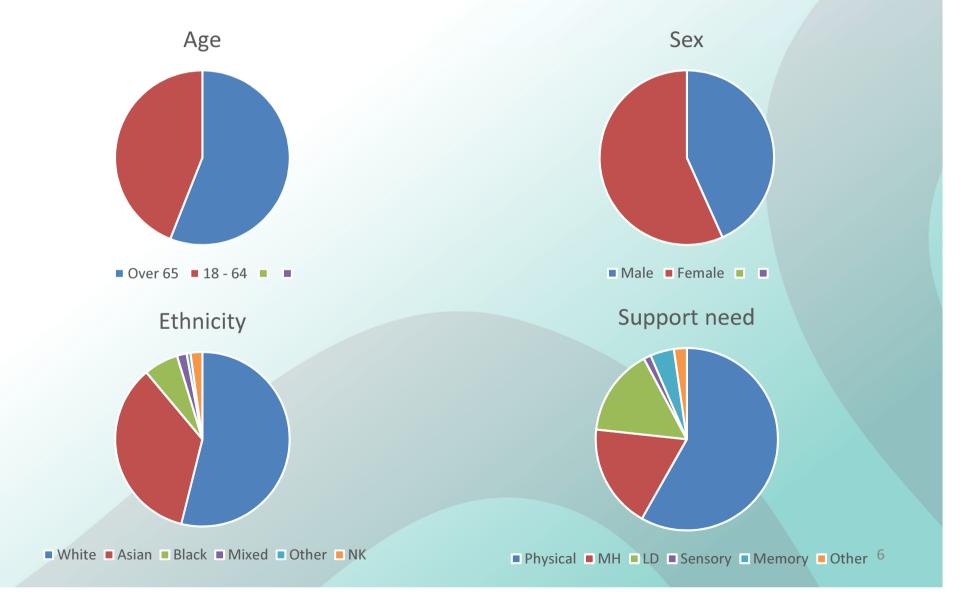
Financial contributions from individuals



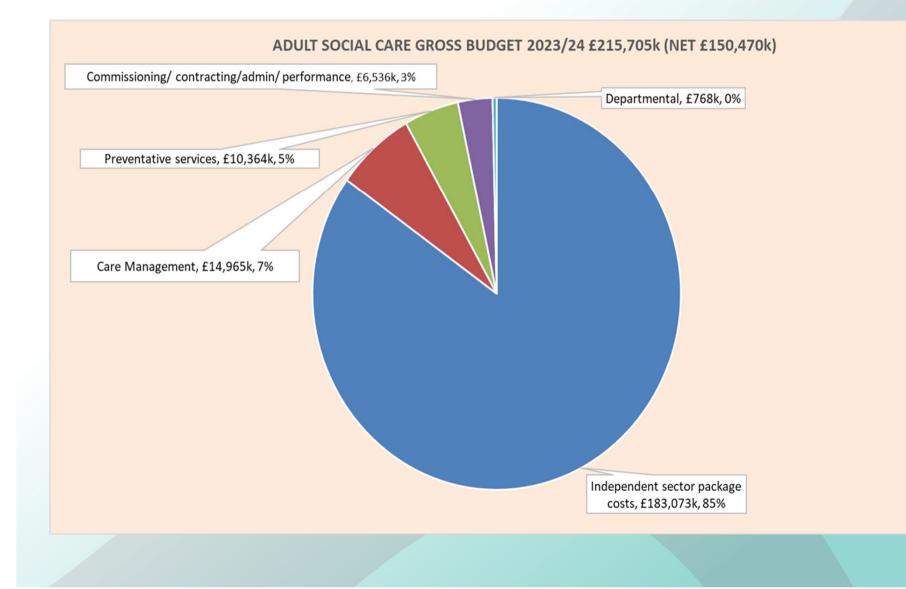
# A year in ASC



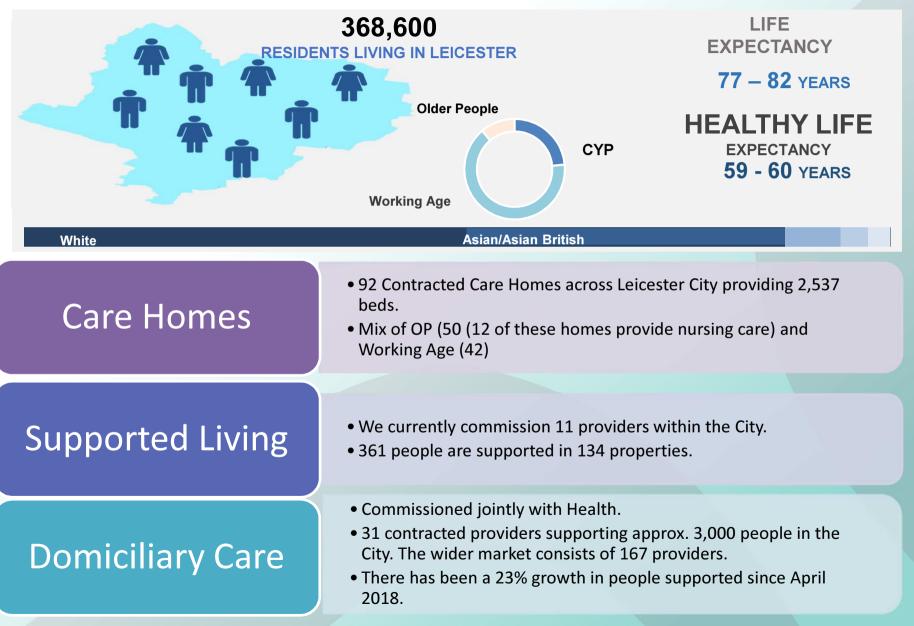
# People we work with

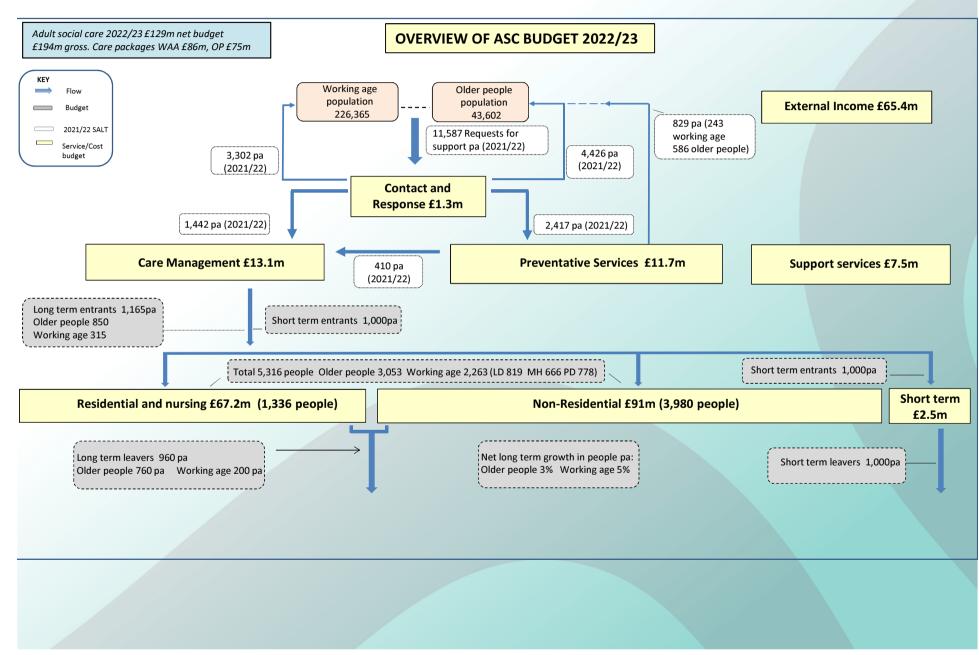


## **Our Resources**



# **Our Provider Market**





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# A short guide



For people who need support and for carers

**Strengths based approaches** 

"I can get information and advice that is accurate, up to date and provided in a way that I can understand."

Bill's daughter contacts ASC because Bill is lonely and his mobility has reduced, so he finds it harder to get about.

Contact and Response (C&R) talk to her and to Bill. They find out that he had a minor fall and has no walking aids. His circle of friends has reduced over time. He enjoys making model trains but his eyesight is not so good.

C&R refer Bill to his GP to access physio for a mobility assessment. We put him in touch with VISTA. Advice is given about local community groups that he might like to contact – including the Men in Sheds project which has craft sessions.

Bill is one of the c.7,700 people who are supported to find a solution outside of statutory ASC services each year

Promote wellbeing

"I can live the life I want and do the things that are important to me as independently as possible."

Priti's neighbour contacts C&R, as Priti has recently been in hospital and seems to be finding it harder to care for herself at home.

Priti has no prior contact with ASC. She is 66 and speaks good English – no one is worried about her ability to understand things that are important to her.

A telephone assessment is completed with Priti and it is identified that she would benefit from some support to build her confidence in completing daily tasks in the home. She is also not eating well.

Our reablement team support Priti for 4 weeks, working with her to adapt her bathing routine, using new equipment. Talking to her neighbour, plans are agreed for them to take Priti to the shops each week when they go themselves. We check this plan is working and Priti is now managing with informal support.

Priti is one of the c.5,500 people supported by short term and one off services

### Prevention

"I have care and support that enables me to live as I want to, seeing me as a unique person with skills, strengths and personal goals."

Kath is 87 and has a number of long term health conditions. She was referred to Reablement for support on discharge from hospital. This worked well and she is now managing to get around her home safely, using aids. However, she isn't able to fully wash herself, dress or keep her home clean. Kath lives alone and her family live at some distance, although they are supportive

The reablement team arrange a care package to carry on supporting Kath for the longer term. Carers visit twice a day and stay for longer on Tuesday's to give the house an adequate clean. Her family arrange online shopping deliveries, using their regular calls to Kath to ensure she has what she needs. The deliveries come when the carers are due to visit, so they can help Kath to put any items away that she cannot manage herself.

Kath is one of the c. 800 older people who become a person in receipt of long term support and her care is now managed by Locality East, for

ongoing review

Assessing need

Eligibility

Support Planning & Review

"I feel safe and am supported to understand and manage any risks."

Kelly and Janelle are 19 and 21 year old. They have mild learning disabilities. Kelly is partially sighted and Janelle has some behavioural difficulties. As a result, both sisters can find it to difficult to stay safe. They live at home with their parents, who tend not to engage with social work staff following issues relating to child protection in the past. Since leaving college, Kelly and Janelle have lost a lot of their day to day contacts and people are worried that they are not seeing them outside of the house. A multi-agency meeting is held, with police, health and housing staff to find ways to talk to the sisters in private. After several attempts, this happens. The social worker is clear and honest with their parents about why we are worried. She listens to the parents anxieties. She encourages their parents to allow the sisters to resume social groups, which they do. This allows for some monitoring of their wellbeing and as trust is built, finding opportunities to check on whether Kelly and Janelle are safe and well supported becomes easier.

### Safeguarding

# Context and priorities

- ASC reforms inc CQC Assurance (inspection)
- Financial constraints and risks
- Capacity and demand
- Workforce

2

• Provider Quality



- Developing new way of working within communities
- Building on what is strong



# Scrutiny support

- Key part of our governance framework
- Reflects democratic / political element of local government
- Support with challenge and feedback
- Enables transparency and wider perspectives
- Visible to the public



# **Useful Information**

Adult social care (leicester.gov.uk)

Online directory, information and self-service

### 0116 454 1004

ASC contact number for all enquiries or referrals

Adult social care: how we work (leicester.gov.uk)

An accessible structure chart that explains who we are and what we do

<u>Making it Real (leicester.gov.uk)</u> Information for people who would like to get involved

cllrenq-sce@leicester.gov.uk

Our generic email address should you need to contact ASC about an enquiry

## Appendix C

### **CALL-IN OF EXECUTIVE DECISION**

### Hastings Road Day Centre

ADULT SOCIAL CARE SCRUTINY COMMISSION – 18 July 2023 COUNCIL – 28 September 2023

REPORT OF THE MONITORING OFFICER

### **Useful information**

- Ward(s) affected: All
- Report author: Graham Carey
- Author contact details: graham.carey@leicester.gov.uk
- Report version number: V1

### 1. Summary

An Executive decision taken by the Deputy City Mayor - Social Care, Health and Community Safety on 3 July 2023 relating to ending the service at Hastings Road Day Centre and instruct Adult Social Care to start working with families to undertake reviews, identify suitable alternative arrangements, and support the safe transition of people into those arrangements. has been the subject of a five-member call-in under the procedures at Rule 12 of Part 4D, City Mayor and Executive Procedure Rules, of the Council's Constitution.

The procedure rules state that a scrutiny committee or any five councillors may request formally that the decision be called-in for a further review by giving notice in writing to the Monitoring Officer within five working days of the decision.

The five Councillors who signed the call in were: Councillor Modhwadia (proposer), Councillor Kitterick (seconder), Councillor Joshi, Councillor Mahesh and Councillor Porter.

### 2. Recommended actions/decision

The Adult Social Care Scrutiny Commission is recommended to either:

- a) Note the report without further comment or recommendation. (If the report is noted the process continues and the call in will be considered at Council on 28 September 2023); or
- b) Comment on the specific issues raised by the call-in. (If comments are made the process continues and the comments and call in will be considered at Council on 28 September 2023); or
- c) Resolve that the call-in be withdrawn (If the committee wish for there to be no further action on the call-in, then they must actively withdraw it. If withdrawal is agreed the call-in process stops, the call-in will not be considered at Council on 28 September 2023 and the original decision takes immediate affect without amendment).

Council is recommended to either:

- a) Support the Deputy City Mayor's decision, and thus confirming the decision with immediate effect; or
- b) Recommend a different decision to the Deputy City Mayor. (The original decision will still stand, unless the Deputy City Mayor takes a further decision to amend the original.)

### 3. Scrutiny / stakeholder engagement

The decision was not considered with a scrutiny commission prior to the decision being made.

### 4. Background and options with supporting evidence

The Executive Decision Report and Decision Notice are attached at Appendix A and Appendix B.

### 5. Detailed report

The call-in submitted to the Monitoring Officer was in the following terms:

"We the undersigned wish to call in the Cabinet Decision regarding Hastings road day Centre in order to examine the impact of the decision on the users of the centre, their carers and families."

The Monitoring Officer has confirmed that the call-in satisfies the requirements of the procedure rules and it has, therefore, proceeded as per the process set out at Rule 12 of Part 4D, City Mayor and Executive Procedure Rules of the Council's Constitution.

Where a call-in has been made, officers are to take no further legally binding action, unless the circumstances of Rule 12 (f) are fulfilled, and the matter shall be referred to a meeting of the full Council. Prior to this it shall be referred to the relevant Scrutiny Committee if one is programmed or a special scrutiny committee if one is convened.

The call-in may however be withdrawn if:

The relevant scrutiny committee/commission makes a resolution to withdraw; or

The sponsor and seconder of the call-in inform the Monitoring Officer that they wish the call-in to be withdrawn.

Following consideration of a call-in by full Council, the original decision will be deemed to be revived in its entirety. Any agreement by the decision maker to change the original decision will require a further formal Executive Decision.

### 6. Financial, legal, equalities, climate emergency and other implications

### 6.1 Financial implications

There are no direct financial implications arising from the call-in.

Colin Sharpe, Deputy Director of Finance, Ext. 37 4081

### 6.2 Legal implications

The legal implications arising from the call-in are explained in sections 2 and 5 above

Kamal Adatia, Monitoring Officer, Extn 371401

### 6.3 Equalities implications

There are no comments in addition to those in the decision report.

Kalvaran Sandhu, Equalities Manager, Extn 376344

### 6.4 Climate Emergency implications

There are no further climate emergency implications to those provided in the decision report.

Aidan Davis, Sustainability Officer, Ext 372284

6.5 Other implications (You will need to have considered other implications in preparing this report. Please indicate which ones apply?)

None

### 7. Background information and other papers:

None

### 8. Summary of appendices:

Appendix A Executive Decision Report – Hastings Road Day Centre dated 3 July 2023.

Appendix B Decision Notice - Hastings Road Day Centre dated 3 July 2023.

### 9. Is this a private report (If so, please indicate the reasons and state why it is not in the public interest to be dealt with publicly)?

No

### RECORD OF DECISION BY CITY MAYOR OR INDIVIDUAL EXECUTIVE MEMBER

1.	Decision title	Hastings Road Day Centre
2.	Declarations of interest	None
3.	Date of decision	3 July 2023
4.	Decision maker	Deputy City Mayor - Social Care, Health and Community Safety
5.	Decision taken	To end the service at Hastings Road Day Centre and instruct Adult Social Care to start working with families to undertake reviews, identify suitable alternative arrangements, and support the safe transition of people into those arrangements.
6.	Reason for decision	This service has not seen a new referral since 2016 and the numbers of people attending has steadily decreased over the years. There are now 19 people attending, however the service has capacity for up to 30.
		The reduction has occurred due to a number of reasons including health funding being withdrawn as individuals and their families chose different types of day opportunities.
		We have a good range of private providers who are able to provide services that are more community orientated in their offer offering a range of activities that support choice and independence.
		Due to the current situation we now find ourselves in as a council (a large staff team, a large and underutilised building and low numbers of people attending) the operating costs of HRDC as an inhouse day offer exceed the cost of a comparable service commissioned from our private market.
7.	<ul> <li>A) KEY DECISION Yes/No?</li> <li>b) If yes, was it published 5 clear days in advance? Yes/no</li> </ul>	No



## RECORD OF DECISION BY CITY MAYOR OR INDIVIDUAL EXECUTIVE MEMBER

8.	Options considered	<b><u>Option 1</u></b> – do nothing and continue to deliver a service from Hastings Road Day Centre.
		<b>Option 2</b> - Remodel Hastings Road to accommodate a maximum of 30 people and introduce the opportunity for Hastings Road to meet the needs of younger people with additional needs aged 18–25-year-olds.
		<u>Option 3</u> – Close Hastings Road (preferred).
		<b>Option 4</b> Undertake a six-month feasibility study which will determine whether an overnight planned respite hub is a viable option.
9.	<ul> <li>Deadline for call-in</li> <li>5 members of a scrutiny commission or any 5 councillors can ask for the decision to be called-in.</li> <li>Notification of call-in with reasons must be made to the monitoring officer</li> </ul>	10 July 2023
10.	Signature of decision maker (City Mayor or where delegated by the City Mayor, name of executive member)	5. Nurssell



# Social Care & Education Report

Hastings Road Day Centre

Decision to be taken by: Deputy City Mayor - Social Care, Health and Community Safety Decision to be taken on: 3 July 2023 Lead Director: Kate Galoppi



#### **Useful information**

Ward(s) affected: All

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Report version number: 1

#### 1. Summary

- 1.1. The report sets out the findings of the consultation exercise (<u>Appendix</u> <u>2</u> & <u>Appendix 3</u>) on the proposal to cease the day service at Hastings Road Day Centre (HRDC). <u>Appendix 4</u> sets out the Equality Impact Assessment which together provide a detailed set of representations made by stakeholders and some of the implications that closure of the day centre would have for the people that attend and their families.
- 1.2 The report also describes the analysis of the data and information gathered through the in-depth review and how that has helped shape the range of options considered around Hastings Road, prior to the consultation process.
- 1.3 The report describes the key lines of enquiry commissioners have used to structure both the engagement and consultation with affected stakeholders around the preferred option consulted on. Key to this process has been the voice of the people and their families and this is presented in this report to help inform the decision making now required around this day service for people with profound and complex needs.
- 1.4 Finally, the report presents evidence that recommending closure, will enable more progressive and forward-thinking services to be put in place for the individuals and their families.



#### 2. Recommendation

Lead Member is recommended to take the decision2.1 to end the service at Hastings Road Day Service and instruct adult social care to start working with families to undertake reviews and to discuss options. To do this effectively it is suggested that additional social work staffing resource (equivalent to 1 FTE Care Management Officer) is put in place to support families in a direct and intensive way to carefully manage those transitions. The cost of this for 12 months is £41,822 (inclusive of oncosts – note this is 22/23 rates) This will help ensure we complete all moves out of the service by December 2023.

2.2 agree for a second process to begin around the staff, which will see HR and the relevant Head of Service undertake a Redundancy Consultation for the staff team currently providing a service to people in Hastings Road. Noting that this will need to be carefully timed to ensure that there is no disruption to people's care and support during the transition phase. Where possible, it is recognised that suitable alternative employment should be offered as part of the Redeployment Policy for those staff who want it.

#### 3.1 Scrutiny

- 3.1.1 Officers presented an update on the consultation methodology at ASC scrutiny on 19 January 2023 which was during the timeframe that the public consultation was open. This was to update Scrutiny on the proposal being consulted on and to give members a chance to scrutinise both the process and the approach being taken by officers with the families affected. A version of the table in Appendix 2 was used to verbally update members on the consultation activity completed at that stage of the open consultation and the responses and questions received.
- 3.1.2 Officers agreed to return to ASC scrutiny following the establishment of the new scrutiny structure in late June/early July to review the advice and recommendations being made by officers prior to a decision being enacted.

#### 3.2 Stakeholder Engagement

3.2.1 In early March 2022, recognising that work was required to understand our options around Hastings Road due to dwindling numbers and a lack of referrals, particularly from health's complex care team, commissioners embarked on a period of engagement with affected stakeholders. That engagement started on 14 March 2022 and allowing for Easter ended in late April, eight weeks later. Commissioners outlined the key lines of enquiry to families, staff, and other affected stakeholders. These are described below.

- 3.2.2 The engagement sought to understand the following:
  - 3.2.2.1 the ability/capacity of private providers specialising in service for complex needs to provide high quality progressive services and support.
  - 3.2.2.2 the circumstances of families and people and what they needed and wanted from services.
  - 3.2.2.3 the impact on partners such as health and other council services
  - 3.2.2.4 the impact on staff at HRDC recognising the lack of referrals and people choosing alternatives we therefore wanted to consider all ideas for this service to see if there was a way to secure a viable future.
- 3.2.3 Following the engagement, commissioners considered the options. At this point and following ongoing work to really determine if any of the options could be viable, officers embarked on a 10-week public consultation. This was designed to test proposals at a formative stage in the process. This began in early December 22 and ended on 17 February 2023. This gave officers a further important opportunity to gather views and ideas on proposals to cease providing a service at Hastings Road Day Centre.
- 3.2.4 To ensure that parents and carers of people who attend Hastings Road felt able to express their views and ideas, a focused approach to formal consultation was provided. All stakeholders, but particularly families and staff, were offered 1:1 phone and face to face engagement sessions (one of which during the public consultation was attended by Cllr Russell as per a request from the families), focus groups, and a survey (online and paper based including a version in easy read).
- 3.2.5 All parents and carers who wished to engage and speak to officers were given an opportunity to tell us about their views on the proposals.Furthermore officers ensured that communication, language preferences, transport and accessibility to buildings were not barriers to consultation.
- 3.2.6 During the consultation, officers offered opportunities to families to meet with alternative providers to find out about the alternative range of services available. A "Meet the Provider Event" in February enabled parents and carers to see the sorts of opportunities on offer, also 1:1 visits to alternative providers were facilitated. These events provided an opportunity for families to talk to alternative providers about the services and support available, offering reassurance around both their expertise as providers but also the service offer to support the complexity of their loved ones' needs.

- 3.2.7 Whilst this event was not well attended by families (only seven of the 20 families attended) the feedback from those who did attend was positive. This was a mixture of commissioned and non-commissioned providers. It also gave commissioners an important opportunity to discuss capacity and capability with the providers in the room and what their specific offers would be to a more complex cohort.
- 3.2.8 The consultation methodology and findings are detailed in the Consultation Findings report (<u>Appendix 2</u> (methodology) and <u>Appendix 3</u> (themes from consultation activities)).
- 3.2.9 Advocacy support was available and in one case taken up by a parent to ensure they felt well supported to be able to contribute to the consultation.

#### 4. Background information

- 4.1. Hastings Road Day Centre (HRDC) provides support to individuals with profound and multiple learning disabilities (PMLD). This means people supported have a range of sensory, physical, and learning disabilities and are therefore eligible for adult social care support or funded by health due to their complex needs. The centre was opened in 2005 as a joint health and social care resource. The service currently operates from Monday to Friday, 08:30 – 17:00.
- 4.2. There are currently 19 people attending the centre, of whom six attract Continuing Health Care (CHC) funding. The service has capacity to support thirty people, but demand has dwindled over the past few years – the last referral into the day service was in 2016 and there has been a steady (though slow) reduction in numbers as people have left the service.
- 4.3. It is possible that the decline in the numbers of people attending will continue as several people who use the service are older with significant health conditions, as are their families and carers.
- 4.4. Compounding this issue, is the attractiveness of HRDC, particularly to those who are younger, which is unable to offer the wider variety of activities that a more community-based offer could. Furthermore, the advice from health's complex care team is that planned pathways to independence are the preferred model for those with PMLD requiring services which explains the lack of referrals from our health partners.
- 4.5. At the start of the consultation process in December 2022 there were 21 people drawing on the service. Since then, a further two individuals are also in process of moving to alternative services (one is moving into a care home and one to an alternative day service) so the pace of decline has

increased somewhat of late. This will leave 18 people accessing the service.

- 4.6. Commissioners have listened carefully to what families have told us, our staff at Hastings Road, health partners, our local college, our PATs team, our children's SEND team and adult social care teams throughout the process, and this has helped shape the recommendations being made in this report.
- 4.7. Given the level of complexity surrounding this review commissioners have explored all options open to us. This has not just looked at HRDC in isolation but has carefully considered our requirements as a council particularly for those with profound and multiple learning disability (PMLD), and how we best support them and their families. This has been central to the work undertaken and is reflected in the range of options considered.

#### Summary of the final options with preferred option.

4.8. **Option 1** – do nothing and continue to fund and deliver a service from Hastings Road Day Centre.

#### Advantages

• Continuity of care for people attending

#### Disadvantages

- Service is projected to overspend due to reductions in Continuing Health Care (CHC) funding.
- Number of people attending likely to continue to decline leading to increased costs.
- High cost of maintaining an underutilised building.
- 4.9. **Option 2** Remodel Hastings Road to accommodate a maximum of 30 people and introduce the opportunity for Hastings Road to meet the needs of younger people with additional needs aged 18–25.

#### Advantages

- Provides a service to young people who have left education or who are attending part time to prepare them for more independent living/adulthood.
- Preparing for independence offer would align well with enablement principles and would see us provide a more progressive model.
- Offers more spaces for those with PMLD and maintains a service for those attending, providing important continuity of service for families and individuals.

#### Disadvantages

- Changes to the service may not deliver a level of income that secures a future for HRDC. This service has been the subject of previous reviews and commissioners were clear that any change needed to drastically improve both the financial situation of the service and meet a clear and defined need for our citizens.
- The operating costs of HRDC as an inhouse day offer exceed the cost of a comparable service commissioned from our private market.
- There is limited evidence of demand for a service for PMLD given health's preference for a different service model.
- To deliver on this the service at HRDC will require investment which at the current time, would be difficult to secure given financial constraints of the council.
- Significant limitations in terms of service offer would be difficult to overcome in terms of community access and enhanced times of operation, recognising we are constrained by the transport offer.
- 4.10. **Option 3** Close Hastings Road (preferred).

#### Advantages

- Alternative provision may be more community-based which is in line with best practice expectations for people with learning disabilities.
- Cost of outsourced provision if provided at framework rates would be more competitively priced than the cost of HRDC.
- We realise cost savings in the long term.

#### Disadvantages

- Disruption and uncertainty for staff, people, and their families.
- 4.11. **Option 4** Undertake a six-month feasibility study which will determine whether an overnight planned short breaks hub is a viable option.

#### Advantages

- Opportunity to enable parents and carers to cope with their caring responsibilities and also avoid premature admissions into residential care.
- We achieve an overnight short break facility which is a strategic ambition. This would be a flagship service for the city and would mirror the type of provision other councils have invested in.
- Holding any staff vacancies that arise during this interim period enables us to make some cost savings.

#### Disadvantages

- High cost of capital investment required to reconfigure the building.
- Financial context that the council is operating in is difficult which is not conducive to a transformation project that will be costly to realise.
- We continue to overspend on the current budget for the service.

#### 5. Detailed report

# Our market for day opportunities and commissioned framework arrangements

- 5.1. A key part of the proposals to cease providing a service at Hastings Roads was our belief as a council that everyone we support should have access to the widest possible range of activities that best meet needs and aspirations. We consulted on the basis that Hastings Road was limited in its ability to provide that range of activity and that providers specialising in day services for people with complex needs could be more flexible and forward thinking.
- 5.2. Significant market testing was completed through the recommissioning of our day opportunities framework, which also included further engagement with a wider range of people accessing day services in Leicester. Further discussions were also undertaken with a range of providers to test both their service offer for people with complex needs and their capacity to provide a service. All of this work suggested that no significant amendment to the original proposals were needed.
- 5.3. In terms of the proposal to cease providing a service at Hastings Road, it is clear that the independent sector will be able to provide alternative provision through the newly commissioned community opportunities framework. LOT 5 within that framework has been designed precisely with the intention that it should be able to provide the specialist alternative day offer for people with PMLD/complex needs.
- 5.4. Alternative provision within LOT 5 has been commissioned at an hourly support rate of £18.70. Given that the hourly cost of HRDC is almost exactly double that, there is potential to realise significant savings if the people currently accessing HRDC were placed with externally commissioned services. This would contribute towards the fundamental budget review from 2024/25 onwards.
- 5.5. Further work described above has been undertaken by officers to determine whether there is enough capacity within the new community opportunities framework and the wider market to meet the needs of all the individuals, were the service at Hastings Road to cease. At the Meet the Provider Event in February, private providers indicated that they had capacity within their existing services and advised of new services in

development. This suggests we have a growing and buoyant market able to meet need in the city. Conversations with some of the providers who offer building-based services similar to HRDC have confirmed the following:

- 5.5.1. FTM Dance This service could offer community opportunities on a sessional basis for up to three additional people, although currently they have no additional capacity for wheelchair users. However, if FTM were to receive enough referrals they would be able to open up an additional day session. The provider provides a building-based service in South Wigston and has been awarded Lot 2 and Lot 5 on the new Community Opportunities Framework.
- 5.5.2. IBC Solutions This service would be able to offer entire day sessions over two venues, Troon Way (Thurmaston) and St Georges (City Centre) both of which are close to HRDC. In total over these two venues there is capacity for up to 10 new referrals. The provider would be able to increase this offer still further as their building bases are reconfigured over the next few months. The provider would be able to offer support to people with complex needs and PMLD. Currently this provider is not on the Community Opportunities Framework, however they have submitted a bid to join the framework, and evaluations are underway (there is still no update on this at the time of writing).
- 5.5.3. Mosaic 1898- This service would be able to offer 12 additional full-time placements over their three sites Ratby Lane, Leicester Centre for Integrated Living and Leicester Outdoor Pursuits Centre. All 3 sites would be suitable for a person with more complex needs. Mosaic is also developing services at a new site for people with PMLD and complex needs. Their long-term goal is to split the current offering at Mosaic Head Office and start a new PMLD service at Whetstone which will allow the service to further expand. This service has been awarded both Lot 2 and Lot 5 on the new Community Opportunities Framework.
- 5.5.4. **Deacon and Hardy-** this service is not on the new Community Opportunities Framework but can be accessed using a Direct Payment (noting that some families have told us that a Direct Payment is not something they would want to take up). The provider has four sites, two in Wigston and two in Hinckley, with a total capacity for 20 new referrals to attend 5 days a week. This figure is based on providing 1:1 support which would be appropriate for most individuals who currently attend HRDC. It

also worth adding that a service with this provider is likely to cost us more than our current commissioned framework rates<sup>1</sup>.

- 5.6. If the service were to cease at Hastings Road, our learning disability social work team would support the 13 non-NHS funded individuals and their families to source and choose suitable alternatives from the private provider market. Transport implications would be resolved at this point too.
- 5.7. Depending on the circumstances and what is appropriate, there could be a mix of provision put in place, including day services (similar in operation to that of HRDC in terms of a building base), supported living outreach, homecare and/or personal assistants.
- 5.8. However, what was clear throughout the consultation was how important the environment was for many of the people drawing on the service. As such, and given their specific needs, it is important that a building base is offered. The expansion of planned services in the private market offering more of a building-based provision, could provide viable options for families and, importantly, a level of choice.

#### About the people and their families

- 5.9. There are currently 19 individuals who attend Hastings Road. This is a reduction from the previous figure of 21. Unfortunately since the consultation began in early December, one individual has died, and another person has moved to an alternative day service. This will decrease again as another individual potentially moves into residential care following the death of a parent. This will leave 18 people on register, with six being fully NHS funded. Any decisions regarding HRDC will be communicated to NHS colleagues who will need to undertake their own reviews of individuals to determine next steps for those six people affected.
- 5.10. As previously reported by commissioners, NHS commissioners are clear that models such as HRDC are no longer a favoured option; preference instead is for planned pathways to independence or community-based services that are more flexible in terms of hours of operation allowing families to work. This view was communicated in the response to the consultation from NHS colleagues:

"Transition can be difficult for many people with LD and Autism however if planned well and with the correct support this could be a positive move for them.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Costs at this provider vary – without 1:1 the cost for half a day (3hrs) is £35.13 - £69.08 with 1:1. Full day (6hrs) £70.26 with 1:1 £138.16 – for those that need additional support (2:1 at key times) this is charged at an hourly rate of £14.46.

Moving to a new provision may offer the individual more choice and control over the care and support, the times they attend and community-based activities that they could participate in."

- 5.11. The consultation has been highly emotive for the parents and carers who have loved ones attending the service. Hastings Road has provided a lifeline to the people that draw on the support and to their families for many years, providing much needed respite for parents and carers, some of whom work and others who are elderly and rely on Hastings Road as their main source of support. We heard clearly that the uncertainty around the Service's future is having a negative impact on parents' and carers' emotional and physical wellbeing.
- 5.12. During the consultation we had good levels of engagement from all of the families connected to the Centre. Common themes were around the continuity, familiarity and quality of support which was both reassuring and incredibly important to families. Many families felt that a private provider would not offer a service comparable to that of HRDC they quoted high staff turnover, and some had examples of poor care for loved ones that currently have provision alongside that of HRDC.
- 5.13. Closure of the service at HRDC will be unpopular and will create high levels of anxiety for parents and carers. A perception of poor-quality provision in the private market will no doubt compound this feeling of despondency. This is prompting further work by our contracts and assurance service to ensure that services are indeed of a high quality and that any quality issues raised are investigated and actions put in place and monitored.
- 5.14. Another element of the proposal that was challenged was around the lack of referrals and why that was. Commissioners have done more work around this to try and ascertain if there is hidden demand for an inhouse service. This further work has tried to look at demand in the city for those with complex LD how that demand is being met and whether it provides an opportunity to boost referrals:
  - 5.14.1. A nationally available prevalence modelling tool suggests that in Leicester we have circa 572<sup>2</sup> people aged 18-64 with a moderate or severe LD, living with a parent. This suggests the numbers of working age adults with a moderate to severe LD who continue to live at home is a sizeable cohort. Unfortunately we do not have a field on Liquid Logic that allows us to monitor the numbers of people in the city, known to adult social care classed as having PMLD to sense check this data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2016 Leaning Disabilities section of the JSNA suggested that in 2014/15 there were 583 people with LD living with family. <u>learning-disabilities-section-march-2016.pdf (leicester.gov.uk)</u>

- 5.14.2. Our LD team confirm that whilst there is a level of demand for day support, that potentially could be met by our inhouse service, it is for those with complex autism. Compatibility with the current cohort at HRDC makes it difficult for the existing service to meet that demand which in turn impacts on referrals.
- 5.14.3. NHS colleagues have confirmed they have 254 people with PMLD on their caseloads, however they have told us they are actively sourcing alternative models of support for those that are NHS funded. They too have indicated that where they struggle for options is for those requiring a day service who have complex autism.
- 5.14.4. We have around 320 people accessing day opportunities on our commissioned framework, 142 of these are people with LD, some of these have a 1:1 (36 people) or a 2:1 (27 people) which would indicate a level of complexity in the people receiving a service.
- 5.14.5. This suggests that demand for a service that provides support for PMLD only, may continue to dwindle given NHS colleagues are unlikely to utilise it in the future and given our commissioned offer with the introduction of a complex service option should help us to better meet demand from a complex cohort, especially those with autism. The efficiencies around cost cannot be ignored here either, given the variance in hourly rate between HRDC and the complex LOT (LOT 5).

#### Next steps for staff and other affected stakeholders

- 5.15. Staff employed at Hastings Road have expressed frustration about the process and have felt negatively affected by the uncertainty around the consultation. We have been clear with staff that this consultation is about the service at this stage. However, if proposals to cease were approved, HR's advice is that this would result in a Redundancy Consultation. Where possible, suitable alternative employment should be offered as part of the Redeployment Policy
- 5.16. Operational transport (PATs) may be negatively impacted by any decisions to close. The ability of PATs to continue to meet that transport need will need to be ascertained as a next step that is driven in part by the reviews that will need to happen for people receiving a service.

#### Conclusion

5.17. If proposals are approved, careful work will need to be done with families to ensure we go at a pace that works for them and their loved one. This recognises that any disruption could have negative consequences leaving families dealing with escalations in behaviour as a result of changes to routine and environment. One unintended outcome we need

to avoid is carer breakdown resulting in individuals ending up prematurely moving into residential placements.

- 5.18. Work has been done to properly explore any financial impact should this see any premature admissions into either residential care or should off framework providers be preferred by families. To determine what impact this would have on ASC spend, work has been done to model costs for the cohort currently attending HRDC, in terms of their package costs to the council. This further work is summarised below (noting that this was based on 22/23 prices) and is based on the 12 ASC funded individuals.
  - 5.18.1. The actual costs of staffing minus the CHC income give a net operating cost of £781k for HRDC however, the total cost to the council in terms of HRDC plus other commissioned services (in place for 11 of the 12 ASC funded individuals) adds a further £632k making the total cost to the council just over £1.4m per annum.
  - 5.18.2. The costs of providing an alternative community opportunities service have been modelled for the 12, based on their current support ratios. To do this the costs of Deacon and Hardy were used (which as a non-commissioned service is more expensive than a LOT 5 service). This would indicatively cost the council £415k per annum. This would equate to a saving of £366k on HRDC costs alone (we have assumed the additional commissioned services would stay in place).
  - 5.18.3. To model the costs of residential we have looked at average costs for this cohort in our specialist residential homes in the city, sense checking this with our LD Head of Service. This has been modelled at £950 per bed per week (without 1:1) for all 12. Based on this assumption, this would cost the council an indicative £692k per annum. Whilst this still represents a small saving of £89k against the current net operating costs of HRDC in reality, it would potentially represent a larger saving as the additional commissioned services would no longer be needed so that saving could increase to £721k.
- 5.19. Based on this additional financial modelling, we can assume that a residential service for some people would not adversely impact ASC spend; albeit residential care would be a potentially devastating outcome for the people and their families. Likewise neither would people choosing an off-framework provider. This would appear to be a reassuring conclusion of the exercise to look at different outcome scenario planning for current attendees and potential impact on ASC spend.
- 5.20. However, the best mitigation to avoid escalations in behaviour (and therefore additional commissioning or residential care if we did see carer strain increase) is by managing the process of transition effectively. This

would be at a pace that allows people who generally do not cope well with any sort of change, to adapt to a new provider, and a new service.

- 5.21. This may be quick and straightforward for some, but for others this may take months to achieve and may see some double running costs as new providers shadow HRDC staff to see how best to support people whilst getting to know them. Putting in place dedicated care coordination will also help this process and provide much needed reassurance to families.
- 5.22. Likewise further work will need to be done to take account of any wellestablished relationships between individuals. Again this may affect the decisions families make if groups of people currently attending would benefit from moving to a new service together.
- 5.23. Recognising how impactful this process will be for families and their loved ones, commissioners will liaise with our LD team to ensure that where parents and carers would welcome it, a carers assessment is undertaken. This may put in place some additional support through our carers support service and may include perhaps some additional short breaks provision where we can (overnight to give families a break). Other options may be to enhance or put in place home care packages to support individuals either through the night if sleep is disrupted (often a consequence of change) or at weekends and evenings to help families cope through the transition if behaviours do escalate.
- 5.24. Further work will also be needed to launch a staff process and HR advice and support will be sought to complete that next stage of consultation for staff affected by the closure of service. Again, given how impacted staff are feeling by the process around the service and -recognising how reliant we are on them continuing to support families and their loved ones throughout this process, this will need to be carefully and sensitively handled. Unions have been briefed at each stage of the engagement and consultation process and this will form a necessary part of any next steps so that unions can actively support their members with any impending consultation exercise.
- 5.25. Work will also be done with our contracts and assurance service to ensure that any quality issues are managed with providers to ensure that families feel confident in the alternative services they are choosing for their loved one.
- 5.26. Finally we are looking at the future use of the building, especially for bedded care. Commissioners will bring forward a report in due course, recognising that the current proposals are entirely separate to this and are not dependent on the work that is being done to look at the building and the opportunities it could present.

#### Key stages in the draft timetable – see Appendix 1

27 March to May 23: Purdah

**April 23:** potential for complex day services to be mobilised (LOT 5)

Date tbc July 23 - possible second opportunity to return to scrutiny re decision

**June/July 23:** LD care management team begin reviewing the 13 people funded by ASC. Fully NHS funded would also be subject to reviews by Midlands and Lancashire Commissioning Support Unit (MLCSU).

July 23: latest point at which a decision is communicated

Next stages are decision dependent but give an indication of a timetable for HRDC

**July 23 onwards**: organisational review for staff affected and people could start transitioning to new services.

October 23: Community opportunities framework fully operational

December 23: earliest point services at HRDC could cease.

March 24: latest point services at HRDC could cease

### 6 Financial, legal, and other implications

#### 6.1 Financial implications

The fundamental budget review proposed a full year saving of £300k from 2024/25 if HRDC closed which is the current net budget less the independent sector costs of the alternative provision. This assumes that TUPE would not apply to current staff given the dispersed nature of the alternative provision with some being LA commissioned sourced and others being through a direct payment.

The proposal assumed 3 months' worth of savings in 2023/24 i.e. the process of transition to alternative provision and redundancy of existing staff together with notice period would be complete by end of December 2023. This may be optimistic given the transitional arrangements required and this profile will be reviewed pending the timing of the final decision.

Martin Judson, Head of Finance

#### 6.2 Legal implications

The recommendations include ceasing the current Hastings Road Day Service. The decision-maker should ensure that the findings of the consultation are considered, and proper weight given to the representations prior to making any decision. Within the report, Appendices 2 and 3 set out the outcome of the consultation exercise. Further information and analysis on the consultation is included in the main body of the report. The decision-maker should have due regard to section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 (the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED)). The PSED requires the Council to have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not. To support this, the outcome of the Equalities Impact Assessment is set out in Appendix 4 and Equalities Implications are set out below.

Kevin Carter, Head of Law – Commercial, Property and Planning

The report recommends ceasing the service provision at HRDC and as noted in the body of the report, this will have implications for the workforce. The report identifies that this is likely to result in a redundancy exercise and accordingly the Council's Organisational Review and/or Redundancy processes need to be followed in implementing any change.

Consultation with unions and staff is a key aspect of any potential redundancy exercise. Following the Council's policies will minimise the risk of breaching employment rights and contractual terms which could result in Employment Tribunal claims against the Council.

There is the potential for the TUPE regulations to apply when considering the alternative options for the families who currently use HRDC, any implications will be considered whilst the transition work over the course of the Summer is carried out.

It is recommended that ongoing HR and employment legal support is obtained once a decision has been made.

Julia Slipper, Principal Lawyer (Employment & Education), Tel: 0116 454 6855

#### 6.3 Climate Change and Carbon Reduction implications

The city council declared a Climate Emergency in 2019 and has set an ambition to achieve carbon neutrality. As such, addressing the emissions from its own buildings, where it has the greatest level of control, is an important part of work to tackle the climate emergency. Hastings Road Day Centre's carbon emissions were around 61 tCO<sub>2</sub>e in 2019/20, equivalent to 0.75% of the carbon footprint from the council's corporate buildings.

Closure of the service would be expected to result in a reduction in energy use and emissions, however this will ultimately depend on the decisions that are taken about the future of the building. If the centre is retained within the council's portfolio, opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the property should be considered. For example, this could include through fitting better insulation, energy efficient heating, low energy lighting and low carbon or renewable energy systems, as applicable to the building. If the centre were disposed of this would remove its emissions from the council's carbon footprint, and any group or organisation taking on the building could also be encouraged to implement measures to increase its energy efficiency, as appropriate. Closure of the service may also have an impact



on transport-related emissions, from changes to how staff and service users travel to provide and access services, although it is not possible to provide an estimate of these impacts.

Aidan Davis, Sustainability Officer, Ext 37 2284

#### 6.4 Equalities Implications

Under the Equality Act 2010, public authorities have a Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) which means that, in carrying out their functions, they have a statutory duty to pay due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited by the Act, to advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who don't and to foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who don't.

Protected Characteristics under the Equality Act 2010 are age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, and sexual orientation.

The report recommends ending the service provision at Hastings Road Day Centre and finding alternative provision for those using the service. Hastings Road Day Centre is a specialist day centre for people with Profound and Multiple Learning Disabilities who may have a severe learning disability and other disabilities that significantly affect their ability to communicate and be independent. Someone with a profound and multiple learning disability might have difficulties seeing, hearing, speaking, and moving. Some may have additional sensory or physical disabilities, complex health needs or mental health difficulties. The most relevant protected characteristics is disability but people using the service have a range of protected characteristics. All children and adults with profound and multiple learning disabilities require high levels of support from families and carers.

This has been covered by an Equality Impact Assessment which recognises that there is likely to be a disproportionate negative impact for the protected characteristic of disability. It is therefore important to review the equality impact assessment and monitor the impacts and wherever possible ensure any alternative provision suits the individuals, given the complexities of the nature of their disability.

This option to close the service will also affect staffing and, if this option is agreed and progressed, an organisational review Equality Impact Assessment will need to be undertaken in conjunction with HR and in line with the Organisational Review Policy and Procedure.

Kalvaran Sandhu, Equalities Manager, Ext 6344

#### 6.5 Other Implications:

Implications have been sought from HR on this report.

HR – Marta Momot, HR Advisor

The following represents HR's advice on the proposal to cease providing a service in the report and some of the staffing implications and processes needed.

**Close HRDC-** A redundancy exercise resulting in a compulsory redundancy of all staff. Where possible, suitable alternative employment should be offered as part of the Redeployment Policy.

#### 7 Summary of appendices

Appendix 1: Proposed timeline

- **Appendix 2**: Consultation Methodology and who responded
- **Appendix 3:** Themes from the consultation activities: focus groups, 1:1s and surveys received both online and paper.
- Appendix 4: Equality Impact Assessment
- 8 Is this a private report (If so, please indicated the reasons and state why it is not in the public interest to be dealt with publicly)?

No

9 Is this a "key decision"?

No

# Appendix 1: Timeline & Considerations

Oct 22	Nov 22	Dec 22	Jan 23	Feb 23	Mar 23
Understand the demand – We need to establish if there is demand for people and families to access overnight bed- based respite and young people 18-25 who may require a service • Children and Young People demand • Transitions • Adults	Arrange for our inhouse architect to visit HRDC to help us understand the opportunity for the building to be reconfigured to meet needs of difficult cohorts. Work done to produce outline plans and basic costs to understand all our options	Consultation launched – 12 Dec for 10 weeks.	<ul> <li>9 Jan 23 – opportunity present to scrutiny around the consultation.</li> </ul>	Consultation closes 17 February (10 weeks)	Analysis of findings from consultation
Discussions with health re those they fund and other stakeholders	<ul> <li>Feasibility review to underst</li> <li>Cost</li> <li>Risks</li> <li>Opportunities</li> <li>Shortfall in costs and how/w</li> </ul>		s could bridge the gap		
		Public consultation on pro (10 weeks)	posals to cease providing a s	ervice: 12 Dec to 17 Feb	

#### Stage 2: Decision making

April 23	May 23	June 23	July 23	Aug 23	Sept 23	
PURDAH – dates 27 March to first or second Thursday in May (04/5/23 or 11/05/2023)		Latest point decisions communicated (July 2023)				
		Report to Scrutiny commiss depending on when the ne established, and dates cont	w commission is	Again, dependent on outco begin for those on register services potentially start.		
				sational review for staff would ent to new roles concludes De		

#### Stage 3: Service transition

S	Oct 23	Nov 23	Dec 23	Jan 24	Feb 24	Mar 24
ð						
	Again, dependent on outcon and transition to new servic	me/decision - Reviews contir es is completed.	nue for those on register			
			Dependent on			Dependent on
			decision/outcome HRDC			decision/outcome HRDC
			closes			closes
		ational review for staff – pot – and/or recruitment to new				

# Appendix 2: Consultation Report

# 1. Methodology and who responded

Consultation	Further detail	Outcome
Method		
Consultation letters and survey sent by Royal Mail to all parents and carersConsultation letters sent out on 5.12.22 to all of the twenty-one parents and carers of people who attend HRDC.When we became aware of length of delay officers contacted the carers by phone to inform them of the consultation, followed up with letters sent from HRDC direct to home address with individuals in their bags. Fifteen out of the twenty-one carers were then contacted by telephone to check that they had the letter and understood how to engage and the importance of engaging in the consultation.		Feedback received on the 19.1.22 that most letters were not received in a timely manner due to the Royal Mail strike. Fifteen of these phone calls resulted in contact with carers and conversation about the process and invitation to focus group sessions A total of four carers chose to express their views for the consultation over the phone.
Focus Group Sessions	<ul> <li>First focus group session – 19.12.22 at Peepul Centre</li> <li>Second focus group session – 10.1.23 at Peepul Centre</li> <li>3<sup>rd</sup> focus group session – 7.2.23 at Hastings Road. Cllr Russell attended.</li> <li>4<sup>th</sup> Session - 13.2.23 at Hastings Road. This was an evening session to accommodate carers who work in the day.</li> </ul>	Only two carers attended due to the Royal Mail issue. Fourteen carers representing nine people from Hastings Road Day Centre attended this session Sixteen carers attended this session Two carers attended this session
Survey	Published on Citizen space Paper copies sent to all parents and carers. Paper copies given to all staff MLCSU and Health colleagues PATS (In house transport) colleagues ASC Learning disabilities care management team	A total of 47 surveys were completed

Carer Advocacy	Shared with all ward ClIrs and with our Learning Disability Partnership Board membership One meeting with a parent to support understanding of the consultation process and give an opportunity to express his views.	Outcome recorded on LL for audit purposes. Parent's views into consultation report.
Meet the Provider Event	Tuesday 14 <sup>th</sup> February 2023 – Brite Centre Meet the Provider Event – opportunity for parents and carers to meet local contracted and non-contracted providers who can support people with PMLD.	Eight Local providers attended Seven parents and carers attended Follow up visits to provider's venues facilitated on Friday 17 <sup>th</sup> February with 1 parent.

# Extract from the Public Consultation online survey and those received as a paper survey summary report

#### Question 1: About you

Ontion	Total	Percent
Option		
I currently attend Hastings Road Day Service	2	4.26%
I am a family member/carer/friend of someone who currently attends Hastings Road Day Service	9	19.15%
I am a member of the Enablement Team who support people at Hastings Road Day Centre	20	42.56%
I am a member of council staff	10	21.28%
I am a representative of another organisation (please give the name of your organisation below)	1	2.12%
I am a member of the public	4	8.51%
Other – please specify	1	2.12%
Not Answered	0	0.00%
Other		
Total surveys received online and paper copies:	47	100%

# Appendix 3: Key themes and findings from the consultation activities

The analysis and key findings from the consultation have been separated into themes with direct quotes used to further illustrate the views of respondents where relevant.

Theme One	Views on how this proposal will affect you or the people that use the service.
Impact of closure on the people who attend	<ul> <li>People have attended for many years, often since school and have been with the same friends throughout their lives.</li> <li>Disruption to the service would impact on their mental health.</li> <li>There are not many opportunities to go out and some service providers are not suitable.</li> <li>Closure may mean people are at home more which could limit their opportunities.</li> <li>Even slight changes are very impactful on people with PMLD</li> <li>Taking away Hastings Road would be devastating for people.</li> <li>My brother would cope with change if he had to but does not want this service to end and would not choose this.</li> <li>It took six months at least for me to train staff to assist my son to be able to eat and drink- this illustrates the complexity of need for and importance of careful and gradual transition if the service were to close. I don't have the energy to do this training again due to my own ill health.</li> <li>Transition can be difficult for many people with LD and autism however if planned well and with the correct support this could be a positive move for them.</li> <li>Moving to a new provision may offer the individual more choice and control over the care and support, the times they attend and community-based activities in which they could participate.</li> <li>There should be the choice of community-based activities but there should also be the choice of a base for people</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>to access, to have both of these choices will enable people to have a fulfilling and independent life.</li> <li>Hastings Road gives us the break we need during the day.</li> <li>We also have to support our young children and againg parents.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>We also have to support our young children and ageing parents.</li> <li>We need to work so the day service would need to continue.</li> </ul>
	We need the support from a Social Worker if there were a change to services to help us set up and manage the care and support needed for our loved one.
Impact of closure on	There is a risk of elderly carers becoming mentally or physically ill due to the strain.

parents and	Relationships with the staff are a huge part of the support we get, and this support gives us safety and is		
carers	respectful, consistent, and flexible.		
	We depend on support from the team at Hastings Road to deal with issues such as arranging care packages,		
	communication with SALT and MDTs, transport, and other matters.		
	Closure would cause upset and despair for us as Hastings Road has become more than just a day service. The support offered is such that no other day service could or would provide this.		
	The enhanced level of emotional and practical support we got during the COVID19 lockdown has now become		
	"business as usual" due to lower numbers attending the service, therefore more staff capacity.		
	There is a risk of breakdown in established packages of care and routines that are already in place if the service were to close.		
	There is a risk of breakdown in professional relationships as Hastings Road staff lead on the care coordination on behalf of us as carers		
	Hastings Road is the only establishment that support complex needs such as personal care eating and drinking,		
	use of hoists and access to soft play and sensory rooms.		
	"Any change will upset my brother, he is autistic. It would be exceedingly difficult for my brother to understand		
	why things have changed and could lead to him becoming upset and anxious."		
Quotes from			
parents and	"Going back 15 years our son was crying angry aggressive and never slept through. Now he is happy and stable		
carers	due to his routine. If HRDC were to close this may put his progress back 15 years but we are older now and would not be able to cope if he went back to this level of upheaval and anxiety."		
	"Transition to an alternative service would be difficult and would need to be well planned and take time. My loved one may become anxious and show behaviours if not happy at a change of venue, staff, or social group."		
	"My son feels happy and understands and knows where he is going. He bangs his head on walls and doors because he does not like to stay at home."		
How the			
proposal	<ul> <li>The proposals affect both me but more importantly the people who use the service.</li> </ul>		
would affect	<ul> <li>The people who use this service have built up a positive working relationship with staff based upon trust.</li> </ul>		
staff:	<ul> <li>The people who use this service have built up a positive working relationship with stall based upon trust.</li> <li>This has taken a considerable amount of time and is not something that can be achieved short term."</li> </ul>		

Theme T	NO
Participa in other commun activities and wha the barri are	<ul> <li>ty</li> <li>Costs will increase if our loved one is taking part in more activities in the community</li> <li>We have concerns about the quality of care provided and a lack of consistent, experienced, well-trained staff.</li> <li>We are concerned that provider's buildings may not be adequate in terms of access</li> </ul>
	What the barriers are to you /the person you care for accessing community-based activities?
	<ul> <li>We don't know what other community-based activities and providers are available</li> <li>We are restricted at Hastings Road by the lack of transport and the hours of operation only being 9-5pm Monday to Friday.</li> <li>There is a lack of suitable facilities available for people such as bathrooms for changing suitable areas for positive positioning and activities tailored to their needs.</li> <li>There are too many people in public spaces, busy environments can be a stressor for our loved one.</li> <li>Needing a structure and routine for personal care and mealtimes can make going out more challenging.</li> </ul>

Theme Three	

Dur views on Hastings Road Day Centre	<ul> <li>The service would work better if there were autism specialists employed at Hastings Road.</li> <li>Hastings Road needs updating.</li> <li>Hastings Road has run for many years, at times families require more flexibility with the support they receive particularly around the timings and days of support to allow the family members to have a full-time job.</li> <li>I have a disabled child and that there is a need for this centre and more support for families who need it.</li> <li>The service is important because it is the only council run service operating in Leicester.</li> <li>Young people going through transition into adulthood are choosing different options that enable them to be more involved in the community - but people with PMLD cannot access these opportunities easily.</li> <li>Hastings Road needs to change so that people are not just staying at the centre.</li> <li>The council need to look at cost of the service and if it is one of the more expensive services, they need to explain why this is and what they can offer for the extra cost</li> <li>Hastings Road needs to take more positive risks. The lack of positive risk taking is not a reflection on the ability, enthusiasm, and imagination of the staff team.</li> <li>Times have changed, and the service needs to change.</li> <li>Whilst Hastings Road as a venue is no longer financially viable, this service could adapt and continue without the building. There are resources around Leicester that are available to make this possible</li> <li>The staff ratios at Hastings Road are currently being utilised to their full potential.</li> <li>Could Hastings Road extend its operating hours to include evenings and weekends?</li> </ul>
	Hastings Road could be a flexible service if they had transport.
	<ul> <li>Could Hastings Road extend its operating hours to include evenings and weekends?</li> <li>Part of the building could be used for another purpose, so that the service could continue on a smaller scale.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Can a private provider take over the building and the service?</li> <li>The ASC Duty Team are slow to respond to issues unless a family is in crisis, and this is the reason for some of the increased dependency on Hastings Road staff to support them.</li> </ul>

50

#### **Appendix 4: Equality Impact Assessment**

### Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) Template: Service Reviews/Service Changes

Title of spending review/service change/proposal	Proposal to stop the service at Hastings Road Day Centre
Name of division/service	Strategic commissioning
Name of lead officer completing this assessment	Leanne Karczewski
Date EIA assessment completed	6.3.23
Decision maker	Assistant Mayor
Date decision taken	13.3.23

EIA sign off on completion:	Signature	Date
Lead officer	Michelle Larke	6.3.23
Equalities officer	Surinder Singh	8.3.23
Divisional director	Kate Galoppi	8.6.23

#### Please ensure the following:

- (a) That the document is understandable to a reader who has not read any other documents and explains (on its own) how the Public Sector Equality Duty is met. This does not need to be lengthy but must be complete.
- (b) That available support information and data is identified and where it can be found. Also be clear about highlighting gaps in existing data or evidence that you hold, and how you have sought to address these knowledge gaps.

(c) That the equality impacts are capable of aggregation with those of other EIAs to identify the cumulative impact of all service changes made by the council on different groups of people.

#### 1. Setting the context

Describe the proposal, the reasons it is being made, and the intended change or outcome. Will current service users' needs continue to be met?

Hastings Road Day Centre is a large, single storey purpose-built specialist day centre in the North Evington ward of Leicester city. It is open from 9:00 till 5:00pm Monday to Friday.

Leicester City Council Enablement Team is based at the centre and provides a service to 20<sup>3</sup> people with Profound and Multiple Learning Disabilities. The people who attend the service have a variety of complex needs including severe learning disabilities and other disabilities that significantly affect their ability to communicate and be independent. The centre has specialist facilities and equipment including moving and handling equipment, specialist changing facilities, sensory kitchen, a Snoezelen and sensory rooms. There is an ICT suite with specialist communication and technology equipment. The Enablement Team based there have specialist training in physical health care and support, communication, and all aspects of supporting people with complex needs.

The majority of the people that attend the service at Hastings Road Day Centre have been using the service for many years and there are well established, trusting relationships between attendees, the staff team and the families and carers of those people that attend the centre.

Whilst there are currently 20 individuals attending the service, Hastings Road Day Centre can accommodate up to 30 individuals, however the service hasn't received a new referral since 2016. This gradual reduction in numbers has occurred for a number of reasons including people sadly passing away and younger people and their families choosing different types of day opportunities which has led to health funding being withdrawn from the service. This includes young people who are going

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Costs at this provider vary – without 1:1 the cost for half a day (3hrs) is £35.13 - £69.08 with 1:1. Full day (6h

through the transition into adult hood but also people in their 20s and 30s and older who are opting for different types of day opportunities chosen from the local day opportunity provider market. This is in line with national trends and research.

For example:

a section on social inclusion in the **Core and Essential Standards for Supporting People with Profound and Multiple Learning Disabilities** talks about how social and community life is about thriving and not just surviving and the importance that "people are "visible" and actively involved in their communities and the activities they do; they are not passive recipients."<sup>4</sup>

**Raising our sights -services for adults with profound intellectual and multiple disabilities**<sup>5</sup> talks about the trend for traditional day centres being replaced by a wider choice of alternatives enabling more choice and control and better access to community facilities such as swimming pools, and activities that are part of the wider community.

Within this context the council has held a public consultation from 12.12.22-17.2.23, which asked respondents the following questions:

- 1. How would the proposals affect you or the people who use the service?
- 2. Do you, or someone you care for, participate in other community-based activities?
- 3. If yes Please tell us about those opportunities and what you/the person you care for enjoy about them.

4. If no, please tell us what the barriers are to you/the person you care for accessing community-based activities

rs) £70.26 with 1:1 £138.16 – for those that need additional support (2:1 at key times) this is charged at an hourly rate of £14.46.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The 2016 Leaning Disabilities sectio

n of the JSNA suggested that in 2014/15 there were 583 people with LD living with family. learning-disabilities-section-march-2016.pdf (lei

The response to this emotive and contentious public consultation has been strong<sup>6</sup> given the number of people who will be affected by the proposal<sup>7</sup> with parents, carers, staff, and stakeholders giving their view on the proposal to close Hastings Road and the effect that this would have on them and the people that attend Hastings Road, the issues that they are most concerned about are:

- The availability of suitable alternatives that match their current service in terms of quality and ability to provide specialist services which meet the needs of people with PMLD and complex needs.
- The mental health impact of change on both of them as parents and carers and their loved ones.
- The need for their loved ones to have a building-based service.
- The overall impact on them as parents and carers, some of whom are ageing and have their own health conditions
- The risk of families going into crisis as a consequence of the transition from a service they know to a new provider.

The methodology and outcomes of the consultation including the response data can be seen in detail in the Consultation Report (<u>Appendix 2)</u>.

Work has been done by officers to determine the capacity available within the new community opportunities framework and the wider market to meet the needs of all the individuals were the service at Hastings Road to cease. At a recent "Meet the Provider" Event providers have indicated that they do have capacity within their existing services and also have new services in development.

Following this event and working in partnership with the Commissioning team responsible for mobilising the new Framework agreement officers have identified four providers who have capacity in their current services to accept referrals to support people with PMLD and complex needs:

• Mosaic 1898 – have a place on Lot 2 and 5 on the jointly commissioned day opportunities framework

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see Appendix 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 20 individuals in total will be directed affected by the decision to cease the service at Hastings Road.

- **FTM Dance have** a place on Lot 2 and 5 on the jointly commissioned day opportunities framework
- **IBC Solutions (Spoilt for Choice) –** applied to join jointly commissioned day opportunities framework evaluations underway at time of writing.
- Deacon and Hardy can be paid for using a Direct Payment.

If the decision is to cease the service at Hastings Road, the Learning Disabilities Care Management team will have responsibility for administering the Council's duty to ensure people's care and support needs are met under the Care Act (2014) for 14 ASC funded packages of support for people who currently attend Hastings Road.

There are 6 people attending Hastings Road who receive Continuing Health Care funding and it will be the responsibility of Midlands and Lancashire Commissioning Support Unit to source appropriate care and support for those individuals. MLCSU informed us during the initial engagement phase of this service review in April 2022 that securing suitable alternative services for people with Profound and Multiple Learning Disabilities is not a challenge for them and that they felt confident that this could be achieved.

Any changes to the packages of care and support provided to the people who current attend Hastings Road will need to be carefully planned and thought through, in close partnership with individuals and their parents and carers. This process will take time and sensitivity- it will be vitally important for us as an authority to appreciate the impact that change will have on individuals with complex needs and their families.

#### 2. Equality implications/obligations

Which aims of the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) are likely be relevant to the proposal? In this question, consider both the current service and the proposed changes.

	Is this a relevant consideration? What issues could arise?
Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, and victimisation How does the proposal/service ensure that there is no barrier or disproportionate impact for anyone with a particular protected characteristic	Leicester City Council and Leicester, Leicestershire, and

	of the public or result in the person being denied access to ordinary community facilities. Genetic conditions for example Prader Willi Syndrome, Fragile X Syndrome. Individuals who have multiple co existing, overlapping conditions which give them an overall complex profile.
	This framework agreement is live from 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2023 and 2 providers have indicated that they will have capacity to meet the support needs people should the centre close.
	In addition to this we have identified two other local providers who we commission services with on a regular basis, and they have also indicated that they will have the capacity to accept referrals. Of these two providers, one is likely to join the framework agreement, the other provider can be accessed using a direct payment.
Advance equality of opportunity between different groups How does the proposal/service ensure that its intended outcomes promote equality of opportunity for users? Identify inequalities faced by those with specific protected characteristic(s).	These alternative Day Opportunities will offer people and their carers flexibility and choice in the support they receive to meet their needs and help them achieve their outcomes. Services are required to be person-centred, culturally appropriate, and inclusive and aim to empower people drawing on support from social care to help them live as independent life as possible
<b>Foster good relations between different groups</b> Does the service contribute to good relations or to broader community cohesion objectives? How does it achieve this aim?	Alternative providers will be expected to facilitate peer support networks which can be accessed by people using the service or their carers if they wish to.

This will promote collaboration and the sharing of good practice across communities.
Providers are also expected to participate in a regular forums where good practice and ideas are shared, which will help foster good relationships between providers and in turn the communities they serve.

#### 3. Who is affected?

Outline who could be affected, and how they could be affected by the proposal/service change. Include current service users and those who could benefit from but do not currently access the service.

- 1. 20 individuals currently attending Hastings Road noting this will reduce to 18 (as alternative services will be put in place meaning their services at HRDC end).
- 2. Parents and carers of the individuals who attend Hastings Road
- 3. The number of future potential users of Hastings Road people aged 18-64 predicted to have a severe learning disability and hence likely to be in receipt of services, by age, projected to 2040 in Leicester city, is detailed below in Table 2. Table 2 details those living with a parent which commissioners understand are the group most likely to attend a day service.

It can be seen that the number of people in this cohort is increasing incrementally and will have increased by 29 people by 2040 to 391. However, there is likely to be a continued rise in more individualised services as demand for this kind of service increases and there is less demand for a traditional day service model.

To put this data in context - currently there are 320 people using commissioned day opportunities in Leicester city, 142 people have learning disabilities and of the 142 people

- 36 people get 1:1 support (11% of overall total and accounts for 21% of total day opps spend)
- 27 people get 2:1 support (8% of overall total and they account for 26% of total day opps spend).

These groups that require a higher ratio of support are very likely to include the PMLD and complex needs cohort currently receiving day opportunities. The Hastings Road cohort are not included in these numbers as they are utilising an in-house service. Therefore even though

64

there is predicted to be a gradual rise in people with PMLD who may have been eligible for a service at Hastings Road, this group are not likely to be adversely affected by any decision to close the service due to the other opportunities that are available and already being utilised.

#### Table 1: People aged 18-64 predicted to have a moderate or severe learning disability and be living with a parent, by age, projected to 2040

	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
People aged 18-24 predicted to be living with a parent	226	239	265	272	259
People aged 25-34 predicted to be living with a parent	162	163	160	169	180
People aged 35-44 predicted to be living with a parent	109	108	110	110	107
People aged 45-54 predicted to be living with a parent	47	46	48	49	50
People aged 55-64 predicted to be living with a parent	16	16	15	15	16
Total population aged 18-64 predicted to be living with a parent	559	572	598	614	611

 Table 2: People aged 18-64 predicted to have a severe LD and hence likely to be in receipt of services, by age, projected to 2040 in Leicester.

 Commissioners understanding is that the numbers below would be included in Table 1, not in addition to it.

	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	
People aged 18-24 predicted to have a severe learning disability	114	120	133	137	131	
People aged 25-34 predicted to have a severe learning disability	88	89	87	92	98	
People aged 35-44 predicted to have a severe learning disability	75	75	76	76	74	
People aged 45-54 predicted to have a severe learning disability	45	45	46	47	48	
People aged 55-64 predicted to have a severe learning disability Total population aged 18-64 predicted to have a severe learning disability	41	41	40	39	40	
	362	369	382	391	391	

#### 4. Information used to inform the equality impact assessment

What **data**, **research**, **or trend analysis** have you used? Describe how you have got your information and what it tells you. Are there any gaps or limitations in the information you currently hold, and how you have sought to address this, e.g., proxy data, national trends, etc.

- Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) data for Leicester 2016
- Public consultation findings
- Engagement in April 2022
- POPPI and PANSI data

#### 5. Consultation

What **consultation** have you undertaken about the proposal with current service users, potential users, and other stakeholders? What did they say about:

- What is important to them regarding the current service?
- How does (or could) the service meet their needs?
- How will they be affected by the proposal? What potential impacts did they identify because of their protected characteristic(s)?
- Did they identify any potential barriers they may face in accessing services/other opportunities that meet their needs?

#### See:

<u>Appendix 2</u>: describes methodology of the engagement.

<u>Appendix 3</u> Key themes and findings from the consultation activities undertaken.

## 6. Potential equality Impact

Based on your understanding of the service area, any specific evidence you may have on service users and potential service users, and the findings of any consultation you have undertaken, use the table below to explain which individuals or community groups are likely to be affected by the proposal <u>because of their protected characteristic(s)</u>. Describe what the impact is likely to be, how significant that impact is for individual or group well-being, and what mitigating actions can be taken to reduce or remove negative impacts.

Looking at potential impacts from a different perspective, this section also asks you to consider whether any other particular groups, especially <u>vulnerable groups</u>, are likely to be affected by the proposal. List the relevant that may be affected, along with their likely impact, potential risks and mitigating actions that would reduce or remove any negative impacts. These groups do not have to be defined by their protected characteristic(s).

Protected characteristics	Impact of proposal: Describe the likely impact of the proposal on people because of their protected characteristic and how they may be affected. Why is this protected characteristic relevant to the proposal? How does the protected	<b>Risk of negative impact:</b> How likely is it that people with this protected characteristic will be negatively affected? How great will that impact be on their well-being? What will determine who will be negatively affected?	Mitigating actions: For negative impacts, what mitigating actions can be taken to reduce or remove this impact? These should be included in the action plan at the end of this EIA.
	characteristic determine/shape		

	the potential impact of the proposal?		
Age <sup>8</sup>	The 20 attendees at Hastings Road are made up of the following age groups 6 people are 25-34 7 people are 35-44 4 people are 45-54 1 person is 55-64 2 people are 65-74	This range of ages suggests that Working Age Adults are most affected by the proposal to close Hastings Road Day Centre.	To reduce the risk of negative impact on this group of people due to their age it will be vital to ensure that when alternative day services are secured for individuals that they are able to offer a range services that reflects the interests of people this age, whilst also making sure that activities are person centred and do not generalise.
			It will also be vital to consider that the staff supporting people are of similar age and have similar interests to promote a good rapport and ensure compatibility.
Disability <sup>9</sup>	Of the 20 people that attend Hastings Road Day Centre -all 20 have a severe learning disability -5 have a sensory impairment	The range of disability suggests that this is a very vulnerable group, with increasing needs which could be adversely impacted by the Council's	Learning Disabilities Care management team will be required to support people and their families to secure alternative day service packages

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Age: Indicate which age group is most affected, either specify general age group - children, young people working aged people or older people or specific age bands

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Disability: if specific impairments are affected by the proposal, specify which these are. Our standard categories are on our equality monitoring form – physical impairment, sensory impairment, mental health condition, learning disability, long standing illness, or health condition.

	<ul> <li>-9 have a physical disability</li> <li>-11 have Autism</li> <li>-10 have a long-standing illness or health condition</li> <li>-6 have mobility issues related to other conditions</li> <li>-3 people have other conditions.</li> <li>All 20 individuals have profound and multiple learning disabilities and complex needs,</li> </ul>	decision to close Hastings Road Day Centre.	<ul> <li>These services would be specialist day services available in the city</li> <li>Framework or via direct payments</li> <li>Risk of additional cost</li> <li>Disruption</li> <li>Mental health and risk or crisis or carer breakdown.</li> <li>Transition required</li> <li>Could trigger crisis</li> <li>Support with personal care, eating and drinking medication peg fed etc</li> </ul>
Gender Reassignment <sup>10</sup>	Not affected. There are currently no residents identifying as either a trans man or women.	N/A	N/A
Marriage and Civil Partnership	Not affected – there would be no disproportionate impact for residents who are married or in a civil partnership	N/A	N/A
Pregnancy and Maternity	Not affected – due to level of disability this this would not be a	N/A	N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Gender reassignment: indicate whether the proposal has potential impact on trans men or trans women, and if so, which group is affected.

Race <sup>11</sup>	consideration for this group of peopleOf the 20 people who attend Hastings RoadAsian-Asian British – other Asian origin – 1 personAsian- Asian British – Indian – 9 peopleWhite British – 9 peopleWhite other – 1 person	There would be impact across Asian British and White British groups if this service were to close.	Learning Disabilities Care management team will be required to support people and their families to secure alternative day service packages These services would be specialist day services available in the city Services will need to reflect people's cultural beliefs and preferences
Religion or Belief <sup>12</sup>	No specific faith groups are disproportionately affected though residents do identify with different faiths or belief systems. The main religions and belief systems are Christian, Hindu and Muslim and Sikh	N/A	N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Race: given the city's racial diversity it is useful that we collect information on which racial groups are affected by the proposal. Our equalities monitoring form follows ONS general census categories and uses broad categories in the first instance with the opportunity to identify more specific racial groups such as Gypsies/Travellers. Use the most relevant classification for the proposal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Religion or Belief: If specific religious or faith groups are affected by the proposal, our equalities monitoring form sets out categories reflective of the city's population. Given the diversity of the city there is always scope to include any group that is not listed.

	15 men 5 women	There are more men than women in this group therefore there may be impacted.	Attention needs to be given the men – there are fewer male staff in the care sector and therefore there could be an impact on males who may prefer a male carer to support them with their personal care.
Sexual Orientation <sup>14</sup>		N/A	N/A
	he protected characteristics you ha	l	the proposal?
simultaneously with	through the process of completing an this EIA. The characteristics most at nd research that our disability populati	t risk of being negatively affected are ion are at risk of isolation and ill heal	age, disability, and race. We know
anxiety and distres	s which we need to ensure is mitigate vider market to secure suitable and lo	, 0	nilies, health, care management

Impact of proposal:	Risk of negative impact:	Mitigating actions:
Describe the likely impact of the	How likely is it that this group of	For negative impacts, what
proposal on children in poverty or	people will be negatively	mitigating actions can be taken to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Sex: Indicate whether this has potential impact on either males or females

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Sexual Orientation: It is important to remember when considering the potential impact of the proposal on LGBT communities, that they are each separate communities with differing needs. Lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people should be considered separately and not as one group. The gender reassignment category above considers the needs of trans men and trans women.

Other groups	any other people who we consider to be vulnerable. List any vulnerable groups likely to be affected. Will their needs continue to be met? What issues will affect their take up of services/other opportunities that meet their needs/address inequalities they face?	affected? How great will that impact be on their well-being? What will determine who will be negatively affected?	reduce or remove this impact for this vulnerable group of people? These should be included in the action plan at the end of this EIA.
Children in poverty	N/A		
Other vulnerable groups	N/A		
Other (describe)	The options to close the service will have an impact on the parents and carers of the individuals who attend Hastings Road. Parents and carers that work while their loved one is at Hastings Road Day Centre may have to alter their work arrangements if the hours that their loved one is being support at Hastings Road change during the transition to an alternative provider. Parents and carers who are older rely heavily on their loved one being at Hastings Road as it gives them the respite that the need to carry on caring for their loved one at home. Some carers have their own health conditions, and any change may put	There is a high risk of this impact being felt by parents and carers. Parents and carers have told us that the cumulative effect of multiple consultations and reviews of Hastings Road over the past few years has left them feeling anxious about the future and how they are going to cope when and if things do change.	The learning disabilities care management team will have an important role in exploring other options with parents and carers that will meet the needs of their loved one and support them in being able to manage their caring responsibilities if the serve were to change or close.

	a strain on their physical and mental wellbeing. There is a risk that disruption and uncertainty will have a negative impact on parents and carers emotional, physical and wellbeing.			
	Five staff who work for the Council within the Enablement Team are Assisted employees. this means that they have learning disabilities and have support needs related to their learning disability. If Hastings Road were to close there will be a negative impact on this group of employees and they will require additional support to secure alternative employment opportunities	There is a high risk that without additional support for the five staff affected that they would not be able to secure alternative employment.	The impact on the Assisted employees and the wider Enablement Team based at Hastings Road and the potential impact of any changes to the service on the Passenger Transport Service will be assessed using an Organisational Review EIA	
Are there any other			vantage service users over the next	
three years that should be considered? For example, these could include other proposed changes to council services that would affect the same group of service users; Government policies or proposed changes to current provision by public agencies (such as new benefit arrangements) that would negatively affect residents; external economic impacts such as an economic downturn.				
The cost-of-living crisis may have an impact on individuals and their families external to the any changes to Hastings Road therefore it will be important to consider how this could further disadvantage individuals.				

Commissioners have mapped the wards where each individual who currently attends Hastings Road resides in (however due to low numbers we have removed this table from the final report as equalities have advised due to low numbers of people could be identified). If the decision is made to close, then Commissioners will map individual's addresses against the Indices of Deprivation in a high level of detail order to further understand the impact on any changes to Hastings Road in context of these external factors. The Indices of Deprivation 2019 Map Pack (embedded below) denotes neighbourhoods of the city not by ward but by Middle Super Output Areas (MSOAs)- however initial mapping against this tool indicates that the some of the wards set out below are in the top three quintiles of multiple deprivation 2019.

https://www.leicester.gov.uk/media/pkgb4zin/the-indices-of-deprivation-2019-map-pack.pdf

## 8. Human Rights Implications

Are there any human rights implications which need to be considered (please see the list at the end of the template), if so, please complete the Human Rights Template and list the main implications below:

N/A

## 9. Monitoring Impact

You will need to ensure that monitoring systems are established to check for impact on the protected characteristics and human rights after the decision has been implemented. Describe the systems which are set up to:

- monitor impact (positive and negative, intended, and unintended) for different groups
- monitor barriers for different groups
- enable open feedback and suggestions from different communities
- ensure that the EIA action plan (below) is delivered.

We will monitor all impacts on the different groups by working closely with families and their loves ones throughout the transition to new alternative providers and continuing to build relationships with families, providers and care management which are conducive to ensuring there is a positive transition.

We will ensure that open feedback and suggestions are enabled by working closely with this group of families and their loved ones throughout this process of transition.

We will ensure that the EIA action plan is delivered by working with Directors and Heads of Service to ensure that the care management resources are available to support each family through what will be for a many a lengthy and complex transition process. This EIA has highlighted the need to ensure resources are available to support people and their families.

# 10. EIA action plan

Please list all the equality objectives, actions and targets that result from this Assessment (continue on separate sheets as necessary). These now need to be included in the relevant service plan for mainstreaming and performance management purposes.

Equality Outcome	Action	Officer Responsible	Completion date
Undertake meaningful public consultation around the proposal to close the service	The public consultation on the proposal to close the day service at Hastings Road is now complete and the consultation findings are detailed in the main body of the Decision Report to which this EIA is appended.	Michelle Larke Leanne Karczewski	17.2.23 End of consultation
All individuals who currently attend Hastings Road are supported to move to suitable, long term sustainable day provision that fully meets their complex needs and is forward thinking in approach, in line with the Community Opportunities Framework Service Specification.	LD Care Management and MLCSU have the resources and commitment to support families to secure suitable and sustainable alternative services.	Michelle Larke Leanne Karczewski	ongoing

Parents and carers are well supported throughout the transition and the period in which their loved one settles into the new provision.	The Council and health colleagues have the resources and demonstrate a commitment to support families to secure suitable and sustainable alternative services, and support families to cope during what will be a difficult transition for some parents and their loved ones due to the age, health and their loved ones complex needs and PMLD	Michelle Larke Leanne Karczewski	ongoing
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#### Human Rights Articles:

### Part 1: The Convention Rights and Freedoms

- Article 2: Right to Life
- **Article 3:** Right not to be tortured or treated in an inhuman or degrading way
- Article 4: Right not to be subjected to slavery/forced labour
- Article 5: Right to liberty and security
- Article 6: Right to a fair trial
- Article 7: No punishment without law
- Article 8: Right to respect for private and family life
- Article 9: Right to freedom of thought, conscience, and religion
- Article 10: Right to freedom of expression
- Article 11: Right to freedom of assembly and association
- Article 12: Right to marry
- Article 14: Right not to be discriminated against

### Part 2: First Protocol

- Article 1: Protection of property/peaceful enjoyment
- Article 2: Right to education
- Article 3: Right to free elections